# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 14 August 2025

**Version 5** 

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : Rust Preventer Cavity Wax

Product code : SEMP.39573

Other means of : Not available. identification

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : SEM Products, Inc.

1685 Overview Dr., Rock Hill, SC 29730

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-831-1122, M - F 8am - 4:30pm EDT

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: AEROSOLS - Category 1

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 78%

(oral), 80.6% (dermal), 65.1% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

Detain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122 °F/50 °C. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Do not puncture or incinerate. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : Rust Preventer Cavity Wax

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	CAS number
<b>☑</b> groine	Low boiling point naphtha; Benzoline; Mineral spirits; VM & P Naphtha; Varnish makers' & painters' naphtha; Refined solvent naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum ether; Painters naphtha; Ligroin; Petroleum distillates	10 - 30	8032-32-4
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light;	7 - 13	64742-47-8

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•			
	Hydrotreated light distillate; Jet fuels; lamp oil; Kerosene (petroleum), hydrotreated; Hydrotreated light distillates (petroleum); DISTILLATES; Deodorized kerosene; Dearomatized kerosine		
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized, calcium salt	Petrolatum, petroleum, oxidized, calcium salt; Oxidized petrolatum, petroleum, calcium salts; Oxidized petrolatum (petroleum), calcium salts; Oxidized petrolatum, calcium salts; Calcium soaps of fatty acids made from oxidized petrolatum; OXIDIZED PETROLATUM, CALCIUM SALT; calcium 1-(9-ethyl-2,5-dimethyldodecyl)-5-heptyl-decahydronaphthalene 5,10,12,13,20,27-hexamethylheptatriacontane bis(9-butyl-6-methylhexacosanoate)	7 - 13	68425-34-3
propane	Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied; chlorodifluoromethane—1,1-difluoroethane—propane; 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane—propane; 1,1-difluoroethane—propane; propane—propylene (70%/30%), liquefied; propane—propylene (75%/25%), liquefied	7 - 13	74-98-6
butane	n-BUTANE; Methylethylmethane; Diethyl; Butyl hydride; normal-Butane; butane, pure	7 - 13	106-97-8
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated light steam cracked naphtha residuum (petroleum); Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy; Hydrotreated light, steam cracked naphtha residuum, petroleum; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha; Naphtha, (petroleum), heavy, hydrotreated; NAPHTHA	7 - 13	64742-48-9
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono- C16-24-alkyl derivatives, calcium salts; (C16-24) Alkylbenzenesulfonic acid, calcium salt; additives for lubricating oils, — based on calcium C16-24 alkylbenzenesulphonates (CAS RN 70024-69-0), — containing mineral oils, used as a concentrated additive for the	0.5 - 1.5	70024-69-0

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•			
	manufacture of engine oils through a blending process; Calcium salt of (C16-24-alkyl)benzenesulfonic acid; Salt (Ca,Na,K,Mg,Ba) of alkyl(C10-50) benzenesulfonate; (C16-C24) Alkylbenzenesulfonic acid, calcium salt; Benzenesulfonic acid monoalkyl (C=16-24) derivs., calcium salts; BENZENESULFONIC ACID, MONO-C16-24-ALKYL DERIVSCALCIUM SALTS; Petroleum, mono-C16-24 linear saturated alkaryl derivatised benzenesulphonic acid calcium salts		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUEM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM	0.5 - 1.5	64742-95-6
Asphalt	Asphaltum; bitumen; Mineral pitch; Bitumen (petroleum); Petroleum; Asphalt (petroleum) fumes; Bitumen fumes; Asphalt (petroleum); asphalt, petroleum; ASPHALT FUMES; ASPHALT (LIQUID RAPID-CURING)	0.5 - 1.5	8052-42-4
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; toluene, crude; t-butylchloride dimethylsilane, solution in toluene; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); preparation containing: — 74 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-α-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 26 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3); methacide	0.1 - 1	108-88-3

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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Marmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Special precautions**

• Wapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

To not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>☑</b> groine	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	OEL 8 hours: 1400 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 300 ppm.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
	[Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin.
	OEL 8 hours: 200 mg/m³ (as total
	hydrocarbon vapour).
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized, calcium salt	None.
propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) Oxygen
	depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.
h.dan a	TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m³.
butane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butane]
	Explosive potential.
Nanhtha (natralaum) hydratroated hagyy	STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
Asphalt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Asphalt
	fumes]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (as benzene
	soluble aerosol). Form: Inhalable fraction.
	<u> </u>

**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

toluene ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
Ototoxicant.

TMA 0 haves 20 m

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013)

TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.

CEIL: 300 ppm.

AMP 10 minutes: 500 ppm.

= Time Weighted Average

#### Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit SS = Skin sensitization

F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

TD = Total dust

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

R = Respirable TWA
Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber

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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Aerosol.

Color : Not available.
Odor : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: <35°C (<95°F)</th>

Flash point : Closed cup: -103°C (-153.4°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 0.78

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 6.51

Solubility/ico) Media Result

Solubility(ies) : cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

% Solid. (w/w) : **3**0.9663

**Aerosol product** 

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Spray Type of aerosol : 17.73 kJ/g **Heat of combustion** 

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
<b></b> Igroine	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	3400 ppm [4 hours]
butane	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	658000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rat - Oral - LD50	>6 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	3.48 g/kg
Asphalt	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
toluene	Rat - Oral - LD50	5580 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	49 g/m³ [4 hours]

**Product Conclusion** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Carcinogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<b>A</b> sphalt	-	2B	-
toluene	-	3	-

**Carcinogen Classification** 

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

code: NTP: Knowi

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
toluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
propane	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -
	Category 2
butane	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -
	Category 2
toluene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
	(inhalation) - Category 2

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

TION HAZARD - Category 1

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Farmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Rust Preventer Cavity Wax	44459.0	22160.3	7605.1	N/A	N/A
Ligroine	N/A	N/A	3400	N/A	N/A
butane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	N/A	N/A	49	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute - LC50 8.2 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
toluene	EC50 3.78 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
	LC50 5.5 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
istillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	159	Low
propane	1.09	-	Low
butane	1.09	-	Low
toluene	2.73	90	Low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/Water partition

coefficient

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class (es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

DOT : None identified. IMDG : None identified.

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**Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax** 

# 14. Transport information

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

**SARA 302/304** 

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : ÆEROSOLS - Category 1

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
<b>☑</b> groine	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥10 - ≤20	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized,	≥10 - ≤20	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
calcium salt		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
propane	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
butane	≥10 - ≤20	EXPOSURE) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
Dutane	≥ 10 - ≥20	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

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#### **Product name Rust Preventer Cavity Wax**

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
,		SPECIFIC TARGET ORĞAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
C16-24-alkyl derivs., calcium salts		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Asphalt	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
toluene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

★ WARNING: Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue : 6/20/2025

Organization that prepared the SDS

: EHS

**Key to abbreviations** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

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as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

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### **Section 16. Other information**

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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